OpenStack-Ansible Documentation: os_ironic role

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CONFIGURING THE BARE METAL (IRONIC) SERVICE (OPTIONAL)

This section describes the general concepts involved in an Ironic deployment. It will be necessary for a deployer to make decisions about how to apply the general concepts in their own environment to meet a specific set of requirements. It should be understood that the Ironic service is highly configurable and pluggable so there is no single reference design specified by the Ironic project team.

Note: This feature is experimental at this time and has not been fully production tested.

Ironic is an OpenStack project which provisions bare metal (as opposed to virtual) machines by leveraging common technologies such as PXE boot and IPMI to cover a wide range of hardware, while supporting pluggable drivers to allow vendor-specific functionality to be added.

OpenStacks Ironic project makes physical servers as easy to provision as virtual machines in a cloud.

1.1 OpenStack-Ansible Deployment

The use of Ironic within an OpenStack deployment leverages Nova to deploy baremetal instances when an openstack server create command is issued using a baremetal flavor. So, in addition to Ironic API services, a Nova compute service using an Ironic compute driver (as opposed to libvirt) must be configured. The playbooks can automatically deploy this service when the inventory is configured accordingly.

To deploy Ironic, populate the respective groups within openstack_user_config.yml:

```
ironic-infra_hosts: *infrastructure_hosts
ironic-compute_hosts: *infrastructure_hosts
```

With the inventory updated, Ironic API and conductor services will be deployed on the infra/controller nodes, along with a nova-compute service configured for use with Ironic.

OpenStack-Ansible is configured to support PXE-based deployments by default. To enable the use of iPXE, which uses HTTP instead of TFTP for the full deployment, add the following override:

ironic_ipxe_enabled: yes

Note: With iPXE enabled, PXE is used to bootstrap into the iPXE loader. Deployment times are considerably faster with iPXE vs PXE, and its configuration is highly recommended. When iPXE is enabled, a web server is deployed on the conductor node(s) to host images and files.

Some drivers of the Baremetal service (in particular, any drivers using Direct deploy or Ansible deploy interfaces, and some virtual media drivers) require target user images to be available over clean HTTP(S) URL with NO authentication involved (neither username/password-based, nor token-based).

The default deploy method relies on Swift to provide this functionality. If Swift is not available in your environment, then the following override can provide similar functionality by using the web server deployed the conductor node(s) (see ironic_ipxe_enabled):

ironic_enable_web_server_for_images: yes

The Ironic ipmi hardware driver is enabled by default. Vendor-specific drivers, including iLO and DRAC, are available for use with supported hardware. OpenStack-Ansible provides a set of drivers with pre-configured hardware, boot, deploy, inspect, management, and power characteristics, including:

- agent_ilo
- agent_ipmitool
- agent_ipmitool_socat
- agent_irmc
- pxe_drac
- pxe_drac_inspector
- pxe_ilo
- pxe_ipmitool
- pxe_ipmitool_socat
- pxe_irmc
- pxe_snmp

Note: The characteristics of these drivers can be seen in further details by reviewing the ironic_driver_types variable in the Ironic role.

To enable iLO and DRAC drivers, along with IPMI, set the following override:

ironic_drivers_enabled:

- agent_ipmitool
- pxe_ipmitool
- agent_ilo
- pxe_ilo
- pxe_drac

1.2 Setup Neutron Networks for Use With Ironic

Ironic supports two main network interfaces: flat and neutron:

- The flat interface places all provisioned nodes and nodes being deployed into a single layer 2 network.
- The neutron interface provides tenant-defined networking (aka multi-tenancy) by integrating with Neutron, while also separating tenant networks from the provisioning and cleaning provider networks.

With the flat network interface, inspection, cleaning, and provisioning functions will be performed on the same flat provider network. All baremetal nodes will share the same VLAN and network/subnet once deployed, which may present security challenges to tenants and to the control plane.

With the neutron network interface, inspection, cleaning, provisioning, and tenant networks can use distict VLANs. However, an ML2 plugin such as networking-generic-switch must be used to configure the respective switchports when switching between functions.

https://docs.openstack.org/openstack-ansible-os_neutron/latest/app-genericswitch.html

Note: Both the flat and neutron network interfaces require a cleaning network to be defined in ironic.conf. For flat deployments, the cleaning network will be the same as the deployment network.

Create a network and subnet to be used by the baremetal instance for cleaning, provisioning, and postdeployment use:

```
openstack network create \
--provider-network-type flat \
--provider-physical-network physnet1 \
myBaremetalNetwork
openstack subnet create \
--network myBaremetalNetwork \
--subnet-range 172.17.100.0/24 \
myBaremetalNetworkSubnet
```

Set an override to define the cleaning network name:

ironic_neutron_cleaning_network_name: "myBaremetalNetwork"

Note: Ironic multi-tenancy is an advanced topic that requires the use of a compatible ML2 driver such as networking-generic-switch.

Important: Provisioning activities on baremetal instances require network access to the Ironic conductor (web) service and other OpenStack APIs. You must ensure routing exists between respective networks for deployments to succeed.

1.3 Building Ironic Images

Bare Metal provisioning requires two sets of images: the deploy images and the user images. The deploy images consist of a kernel and ramdisk image that are used by Ironic to prepare the baremetal server for actual OS deployment, whereas the user images are installed on the baremetal server to be used by the end user.

For more information on building and uploading disk images for use with Ironic, refer to the following documentation:

https://docs.openstack.org/ironic/latest/user/creating-images.html https://docs.openstack.org/ironic/latest/install/configure-glance-images.html

There are two types of user images:

- Partition Images
- · Whole Disk Images

For your convenience, the following steps have been provided to demonstrate creating partition-based images.

Note: Images created using **diskimage-builder** must be built outside of an LXC container. For this process, use one of the physical hosts within the environment or a virtual machine.

1. Install the necessary pre-requisites:

apt install qemu uuid-runtime curl

2. Install the disk-imagebuilder package:

pip install diskimage-builder

Important: Only use the --isolated flag if you are building on a node deployed by OpenStack-Ansible, otherwise pip will not resolve the external package.

3. Create Ubuntu Focal kernel, ramdisk, and user images:

```
export IMAGE_NAME=my-image
export DIB_RELEASE=focal
export DIB_CLOUD_INIT_DATASOURCES="Ec2, ConfigDrive, OpenStack"
disk-image-create ubuntu baremetal dhcp-all-interfaces grub2 -o ${IMAGE_
→NAME}
```

4. Upload the created user images into the Image (Glance) Service:

```
# Kernel image:
openstack image create my-image.kernel \
--public \
--disk-format aki \
--container-format aki \
```

```
--file my-image.vmlinuz
# Ramdisk image
openstack image create my-image.initrd \
--public \
--disk-format ari \
--file my-image.initrd
# User image
openstack image create my-image \
--public \
--public \
--container-format bare \
--property kernel_id=<kernel image uuid> \
--file my-image.qcow2
```

Note: When a baremetal instance is provisioned using a partition-based image, the kernel and ramdisk images will be used for PXE when the local boot capability is not available.

1.4 Creating an Ironic Flavor

The use of flavors are necessary when creating instances using Nova, and baremetal flavors should be used when targeting baremetal nodes for instances. The properties of the flavor, along with the defined resource class, are useful to the scheduler when scheduling against libvirt or ironic compute services.

As an example, imagine an Ironic deployment has the following nodes:

```
- node-1:
resource_class: ironic-gold
properties:
    cpus: 32
    memory_mb: 32768
    capabilities:
        boot_mode: uefi,bios
- node-2:
resource_class: ironic-silver
properties:
    cpus: 16
    memory_mb: 16384
```

The operator might define the flavors as such:

```
- baremetal-gold
  resources:
     ironic-gold: 1
```

```
extra_specs:
    capabilities: boot_mode:bios
- baremetal-gold-uefi
resources:
    ironic-gold: 1
extra_specs:
    capabilities: boot_mode:uefi
- baremetal-silver
resources:
    ironic-silver: 1
```

A user booting an instance with either the baremetal-gold or baremetal-gold-uefi flavor would land on node-1, because capabilities can still be passed down to ironic, and the resource_class on the node matche what is required by flavor. The baremetal-silver flavor would match node-2.

Note: A flavor can request exactly one instance of a bare metal resource class.

When creating a baremetal flavor, its useful to add the RAM and CPU properties as a convenience to users, although they are not used for scheduling. In addition, the DISK property is also not used for scheduling, but is still used to determine the root partition size.

```
openstack flavor create \
--ram 32768 \
--vcpu 32 \
--disk 120 \
baremetal-gold
```

After creation, associate each flavor with one custom resource class. The name of a custom resource class that corresponds to a nodes resource class (in the Bare Metal service) is:

- the bare metal nodes resource class all upper-cased
- prefixed with CUSTOM_
- all punctuation replaced with an underscore

```
openstack flavor set \
--property resources:CUSTOM_IRONIC_GOLD=1 \
baremetal-gold
```

Note: Ensure the resource class defined in the flavor matches that of the baremetal node, otherwise, the scheduler will not find eligible hosts. In the example provided, the resource class is ironic-gold.

Another set of flavor properties must be used to disable scheduling based on standard properties for a bare metal flavor:

```
openstack flavor set --property resources:VCPU=0 baremetal-gold
openstack flavor set --property resources:MEMORY_MB=0 baremetal-gold
openstack flavor set --property resources:DISK_GB=0 baremetal-gold
```

Lastly, a boot_option capability can be set to speed up booting after the deployment:

```
openstack flavor set --property capabilities:'boot_option=local' baremetal-

→gold
```

Note: Specifying the local boot option allows the deployed baremetal instance to boot directly to disk instead of network.

1.5 Enrolling Ironic Nodes

Enrolling baremetal nodes makes then available to the Ironic service. The properties of a given node will allow Ironic to determine how an image should be deployed on the node, including using IPMI or vendor-specific out-of-band interfaces. Some properties are optional, and may rely on defaults set by the operator or within OpenStack-Ansible. Others are required, and may be noted as such.

Some things should be known about the baremetal node prior to enrollment, including:

- Node Name
- Driver
- Deploy Interface (based on driver)
- Provisioning Interface (MAC Address)
- IPMI or OOB Credentials
- OOB Management IP
- Deploy Kernel Image UUID (from Glance)
- Deploy Ramdisk Image UUID (from Glance)
- Boot Mode (bios or uefi)
- Network Interface (flat or neutron)

Note: Kernel and ramdisk images may be provided by the **diskimage-builder** process, or may be downloaded from opendev.org:

https://tarballs.opendev.org/openstack/ironic-python-agent/dib/ https://docs.openstack.org/ironic/latest/ install/deploy-ramdisk.html

Important: The deploy kernel and ramdisk should be updated on a regular basis to match the OpenStack release of the underlying infrastructure. The Ironic Python Agent that runs on the ramdisk interfaces with Ironic APIs, and should be kept in sync.

To enroll a node, use the openstack baremetal node create command. The example below demonstrates the creation of a baremetal node with the following characteristics:

```
node_name=baremetal01
node_mac="f0:92:1c:0c:1f:88"
                               # MAC address of PXE interface (em1 as
→example)
deploy_aki=ironic-deploy-aki
                              # Kernel image
deploy_ari=ironic-deploy-ari  # Ramdisk image
resource=ironic-gold
                               # Ironic resource class (matches flavor as.
→CUSTOM_IRONIC_GOLD)
phys_arch=x86_64
phys_cpus=32
phys_ram=32768
phys_disk=270
ipmi_username=root
ipmi_password=calvin
ipmi_address=172.19.0.22
boot_mode=bios
network_interface=flat
```

Important: The Ironic conductor service must be able to communicate with the OOB IP address to perform provisioning functions.

```
openstack baremetal node create \
  --driver ipmi
  --deploy-interface direct \
  --driver-info ipmi_username=$ipmi_username \
  --driver-info ipmi_password=$ipmi_password \
  --driver-info ipmi_address=$ipmi_address \
  --driver-info deploy_kernel=`openstack image show $deploy_aki -c id |awk '/
\rightarrowid / {print $4}'` \
  --driver-info deploy_ramdisk=`openstack image show $deploy_ari -c id |awk '/
\rightarrowid / {print $4}'` \
  --property cpus=$phys_cpus \
  --property memory_mb=$phys_ram \
  --property local_gb=$phys_disk \
  --property cpu_arch=$phys_arch \
  --property capabilities='boot_option:local,disk_label:gpt' \
  --resource-class $resource \
  --network-interface $network_interface \
  --name $node_name
```

The node will first appear in an enroll state. To make it available for provisioning, set the state to manage, then available:

openstack baremetal node manage baremetal01
openstack baremetal node provide baremetal01
openstack baremetal node list --fit
+-----+
-----+
(continues on next page)

UUID →State Provisioning State Maintenan		Instance UUID	
→+ c362890d-5d7a-4dc3-ad29-7dac0bf49344 → off available False +	+ baremetal01	None	power
└		,	

Next, create a baremetal port using the openstack baremetal port create command:

<pre>node_name=baremetal01 node_mac="f0:92:1c:0c:1f:88" openstack baremetal port create \$node_mac \ node `openstack baremetal node show \$node_name -c uuid awk -F " " '/ uuid _</pre>					
Field	Value				
address	f0:92:1c:0c:1f:88				
created_at	2021-12-17T20:36:19+00:00				
extra					
internal_info					
is_smartnic	False				
local_link_connection					
node_uuid	node_uuid c362890d-5d7a-4dc3-ad29-7dac0bf49344				
physical_network	None				
portgroup_uuid	None				
pxe_enabled	True				
updated_at	None				
uuid	44e5d872-ffa5-45f5-a5aa-7147c523e593				
+	++				

Note: The baremetal port is used to setup Neutron to provide DHCP services during provisioning. When the neutron network interface is used, the respective switchport can be managed by OpenStack.

1.6 Deploy a Baremetal Node Using Ironic

Baremetal instances can be deployed using the openstack server create command and a baremetal flavor. Unless the image has been created with support for passwords, an SSH key must be provided. The baremetal instance relies on Neutron DHCP and metadata services, just like a virtual instance.

```
openstack server create \
--flavor baremetal-gold \
--image focal-server-cloudimg-amd64 \
```

```
--key-name myKey \
--network myBaremetalNetwork \
myBaremetalInstance
```

Important: If you do not have an ssh key readily available, set one up with ssh-keygen and/or create one with openstack keypair create. Otherwise, you will not be able to connect to the deployed instance.

EXAMPLE LXC BASED IRONIC DEPLOYMENT

This section describes a specific deployment of Ironic using Openstack-Ansible. A number of design choices are made which illustrate how to configure the Ironic service for a specific set of requirements.

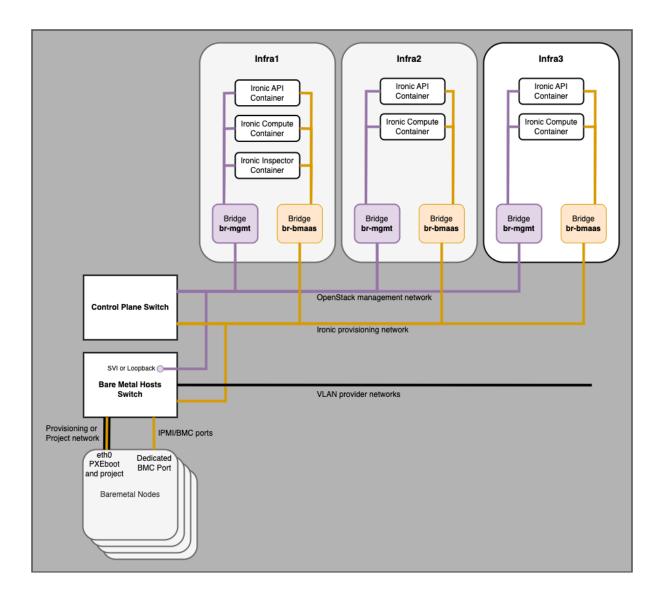
Deployment design decisions:

- LXC containers are used in the openstack control plane
- A single bmaas network is used for Ironic provisioning, cleaning and inspection
- The bmaas network is not routable to any other networks nor to the internal VIP
- Multitenancy is used with Ironic servers attached to project networks
- networking-generic-switch will be used to control network devices to achieve multitenancy
- Cisco NXOS switches
- The deployment uses VXLAN project networks

A number of these design decisions are opinionated and could be changed, e.g. allowing the bmaas network to be routed to other networks including the internal VIP would result in some simplification.

This example is illustrative of a specific set of deployment requirements but is not intended to be followed rigidly. It demonstrates some of the capabilities of Ironic and Openstack-Ansible and how to approach most parts of a practical deployment of Ironic at small to modest scales.

Warning: Consideration should be given to the security of IPMI or other out-of-band interfaces which are notoriously buggy and often have vendor specific in-band tools which allow the BMC and its firmware to be manipulated from userspace. Understand the risks of allowing IPMI/BMC interfaces to share a physical interface with onboard ethernet ports, this feature will allow full access to the management interface of a deployed Ironic node. For high security environments or where the users are untrusted consult your hardware vendor for appropriate hardening steps.



2.1 BMAAS network address plan

In this example the subnet for the bmaas network is 10.88.104.0/24. The size of the subnet determines the maximum number of nodes in the Ironic deployment.

Address	Purpose
10.88.104.0 to .10	Reserve for potential physical routers / SVI
10.88.104.11 to .29	Control plane Ironic container interfaces
10.88.104.64 to .95	Neutron DHCP allocation pool in Ironic_Network
10.88.104.96 to .127	Ironic Inspector DHCP pool range
10.88.104.128 to .254	Static IPs manually assigned to IPMI/iDRAC

In this deployment the bmaas network combines several functions for simplicity. It would be possible to use separate networks for inspection, cleaning and provisioning but that is beyond the scope of this example.

The subnet is divided into several address ranges, a reservation for future interfaces on physical routers, or a gateway address if the subnet is to be made routable in the future. A small number of addresses are then

reserved for the bmaas network to connect to the Ironic containers in the control plane, and the remainder of the addresses are shared between a neutron network for provisioning, a range for Ironic Inspector to allocate with DHCP and finally a block of addresses for the IPMI (or other protocol) management ports of the Ironic nodes.

Note: This example will use VLAN ID 3003 for the bmaas network but any available VLAN ID could be used.

Warning: This example collapses the Ironic IPMI, provisioning, cleaning and inspection networks into the same subnet. It is possible to make these be separate from each other by creating a network for each different function and updating the container networks and Ironic service configuration suitably. In particular it should be understood that the nodes are untrusted during the cleaning phase and will be in an arbitrary state as left by the previous user.

2.2 IPMI Interfaces

When configuring IPMI interfaces for Ironic nodes, the following steps are recommended:

- Use static IP allocations for the IPMI interfaces, unless there is already a very reliable means of allocating addresses with DHCP. The Ironic team do not consider the Neutron DHCP agent to be suitable for assigning addresses to the IPMI interfaces.
- Use dedicated IPMI ports on Ironic nodes especially if multitenancy is required. A node with a shared onboard ethernet/IPMI port will have that port moved into the tenant network when deployment is complete and the Ironic control plane will no longer be able to communicate with the management interface of the node.

2.3 Maximum size of the deployment

The maximum size of this Ironic deployment is limited by the address alloction in the bmaas network. In this example there can be a maximum of 127 server BMC interfaces in the range 10.88.104.128/25.

The maxiumum number of servers that can be simultanously provisioned is determined by the address allocation to the Neutron DHCP pool.

The maximum number of servers that can be simultanously inspected is determined by the address allocation to the Ironic Inspector DHCP pool.

To increase the size of the deployment, the size of the bmaas subnet should be increased and the addresses allocated to meet the number of required nodes and maximum number of simultaneous nodes being provisioned and inspected.

2.4 Openstack-Ansible configuration

Once the address plan has been decided, the Openstack-Ansible configuration can be updated to match.

The existing cidr_networks and used_ips sections in /etc/openstack_deploy/ openstack_user_config.yml must have extra entries to describe the network range available for the Ansible inventory to assign to Ironic control plane containers, in this example all addresses in the bmaas network are marked as used except the range 10.88.104.11 to 10.88.104.29.

An additional network is defined in the provider_networks list which represents the connection between the bridge br-bmaas on the controller and eth15 inside the ironic service containers.

The bmaas network must be extended from the control plane hosts to the switch ports connected to the Ironic node IPMI interfaces, and also to switch ports connected to the interfaces on the Ironic nodes that will be used for PXEboot. This will typically be a VLAN allocated specifically for Ironic provisioning.

The hosts for the Ironic control plane containers are assigned.

Note: It is the responsibility of the deployer to create br-bmaas on the controller nodes and ensure that it is connected to the correct VLAN ID for the bmaas network. Configuration of host networking is outside the scope of Openstack-Ansible.

Note: The range key in the provider network definition is not used but its useful as an reminder in the config file of the VLAN ID.

```
cidr_networks:
  <existing entries>
  bmaas: 10.88.104.0/24  # for containers on the bmaas network
used_ips:
  <existing entries>
  # bmaas ips
  - "10.88.104.0,10.88.104.10"  # reserve for routers or other_
  = "10.88.104.30,10.88.104.255"  # reserve for ironic IPMI and provisioning
provider_networks:
  <existing entries>
  # Network definition to connect Ironic LXC containers to the bmaas network
  # on the infra hosts
  - network:
     net_name: physnet_neutron
     container_type: "veth"
     container_bridge: "br-bmaas"
     container_interface: "eth15"
     ip_from_q: bmaas
     type: "vlan"
     range: "3003:3003"
     group_binds:
```

```
- ironic_api_container
- ironic_compute_container
- ironic_inspector_container
# ironic API and conductor
ironic-infra_hosts:
infra1: *_infra1_
infra2: *_infra2_
infra3: *_infra3_
# nova used by ironic for machine state management
ironic-compute_hosts:
infra1: *_infra1_
infra2: *_infra1_
infra2: *_infra3_
# Ironic-inspector can only support a single instance at the moment
# High availability for ironic-inspector is not yet implemented
ironic-inspector_hosts:
infra1: *_infra1_
```

Note: This example uses YAML Anchors to simplify openstack_user_config.yml allowing the IP addresses of the infra nodes to be defined only once. See https://yaml.org/spec/1.2.2/#alias-nodes.

2.5 Create the Neutron configuration

Enable the Neutron baremetal and genericswitch mechanism drivers by updating /etc/ openstack_deploy/group_vars/neutron_server.yml

```
neutron_plugin_types:
    - ml2.genericswitch
    - ml2.baremetal
# keep the ml2 drivers in this order
# see https://storyboard.openstack.org/#!/story/2008686
neutron_ml2_mechanism_drivers: "genericswitch,baremetal"
```

Configure neutron networking-generic-switch to know about the switches that the Ironic nodes are connected to in /etc/openstack_deploy/user_variables.yml. These switches are programmed by neutron to switch the Ironic nodes between the provisioning and project networks once deployment is complete. This is enabling multitenancy for Ironic.

This example is for a Cisco NXOS based switch, which uses the same command set as a Cisco IOS based switch for the functions needed by networking-generic-switch. There is no specific device_type for NXOS.

Note: A MAC address for the switch must be specified in the neutron config, but Cisco and some other switch vendors present a unique MAC address per port so the MAC address as seen from the client cannot be used to identify the switch. For IOS/NXOS networking-generic-switch uses the field switch_info from the Ironic node local_link_connection information rather than match a MAC address when choosing which switch to configure for a particular node.

```
neutron_neutron_conf_overrides:
 genericswitch:my-switch-name:
                                        # This should match the hostname
→configured on the switch
   device_type: netmiko_cisco_ios  # It is really NXOS but the_
\rightarrow commands are the same
   ngs_mac_address: "cc:46:d6:64:4b:41" # Doesn't seem to matter but is_
→required - this is taken from an SVI on the mgmt network
   ip: "10.80.240.3"
                                         # An IP on the switch which has
→ssh access from the br-mgmt network, loopback, SVI or mgmt0 as needed
  username: "neutron"
                                          # The user that Neutron will SSH.
\rightarrow to the switch as
  password: "supersecret"
                                        # The password that Neutron will
\rightarrowuse to SSH to the switch
   ## key_file: <ssh key file>
                                        # An SSH key may be used instead
→of a password
   ngs_manage_vlans: "False"
                                          # VLANs are already provisioned on
→ the switch so tell neutron not to create/delete VLANs
```

Note: The configuration for networking-generic-switch is added to neturon.conf rather than ml2_conf_genericswitch.ini as the config needs to be read by both neutron-rpc-server and neutron-server. neutron-server is a uwsgi service in openstack-ansible so is only passed one config file, see https://bugs.launchpad.net/openstack-ansible/+bug/1987405

Note: If there is already an override in place for this variable then extend the existing override rather than making a second one.

2.6 Configure switch to allow ssh from Neutron

To achieve multitenancy, Neutron will connect to the specified switch and configure the port for the Ironic node being provisioned to be in the correct project VLAN once the deployment is complete. During deployment Neutron will ensure that the node is in the bmaas provisioning network as specified in the Ironic config.

A suitable user and credential must exist on the switch. The SSH connection will originate from the Neutron processes running on the OpenStack control plane, on the mgmt network. There must be an IP route from the mgmt network to an interface on the switch which permits SSH login. That interface could be a physical management port (mgmt0 on NXOS), a loopback interface, an SVI or another interface with an IP address. SSH communication with the switch can happen either in-band or out-of-band depending on the requirements of the deployment.

This example config is for a **neutron** user using password authentication on an NXOS switch as seen by **show run**. The config applied on the switch gives the **neutron** user access to a minimal set of commands for configuring VLAN membership on specific ports.

To control the commands that the **neutron** user is allowed to issue on the Cisco Nexus switch create a role:

```
role name neutron-role
 rule 3 permit command configure t
 rule 2 permit read-write feature interface
 rule 1 permit read
 vlan policy deny
   permit vlan 3003-3003
   permit vlan 3100-3200
 interface policy deny
   permit interface Ethernet1/1
   permit interface Ethernet1/2
   permit interface Ethernet1/3
   permit interface Ethernet1/4
   permit interface Ethernet1/5
   permit interface Ethernet1/6
   permit interface Ethernet1/7
   permit interface Ethernet1/8
```

This role allows the neutron user assign a port to VLAN 3003 which is the bmaas network and is used during node provisioning. Any project VLANS that nodes should be able to be moved into after deployment should also be permitted, range 3100-3200 here.

The interfaces which the neutron user is permitted to modify are listed, in this case individually but consult the switch documentation for other options such as a regular expression.

A similar config can be made on an Arista switch, where a much more explicit list of allowed CLI commands must be defined using regular expressions.

```
role neutron-role

10 permit mode exec command configure

20 permit mode exec command terminal width 511

30 permit mode exec command terminal length 0

40 permit mode exec command enable

50 permit mode exec command copy running-config startup-config

60 permit mode exec command interface

70 permit mode if-Et([1-9]|27|29)\/1 command switchport mode access

80 permit mode if-Et([1-9]|27|29)\/1 command (no )*switchport access vlan_

$\leftarrow (3003|3966)

90 permit mode if-Et([1-9]|27|29)\/1 command no switchport mode trunk

100 permit mode if-Et([1-9]|27|29)\/1 command switchport trunk allowed_

$\leftarrow vlan none

110 permit mode config command copy running-config startup-config
```

Create the user and password, which must match those in the neutron.conf / genericswitch config file options:

username neutron password 5 < ENCRYPTED-PASSWORD-HERE> role neutron-role

Allow SSH to the switch from the expected IP addresses, for example a pair out of band management hosts 192.168.0.100/31 and the OpenStack mgmt network 10.80.240.0/24.

```
ip access-list ACL_ALLOW_SSH_VTY
  10 permit tcp 192.168.0.100/31 any eq 22
  20 permit tcp 10.80.240.0/22 any eq 22
line vty
  session-limit 5
  exec-timeout 10
  access-class ACL_ALLOW_SSH_VTY in
```

2.7 Create the Neutron network for Ironic provisioning, cleaning and inspection

```
openstack network create \
    --internal \
    --provider-network-type vlan \
    --provider-physical-network physnet_neutron \
    --provider-segment 3003 \
    Ironic_Network

openstack subnet create \
    --allocation-pool 10.88.104.64-10.88.104.95 \
    --dhcp \
    --subnet-range 10.88.104.0/24
    --gateway none
    Ironic_Subnet
```

2.8 Create the Ironic configuration

In /etc/openstack_deploy/user_variables_ironic.yml

```
## IRONIC ##
ironic_ipxe_enabled: yes  # use HTTP image download from the_
ironic_conductor container
ironic_enable_web_server_for_images: yes # use same web server to cache user_
images
# Ensure values used during PXEboot refer directly to the correct interface_
ion Ironic API container
# instead of the internal VIP
ironic_http_url: "{{ ironic_ipxe_proto }}://{{ container_networks['bmaas_
```

```
(continued from previous page)

address']['address'] }}:{{ ironic_ipxe_port }}"

ironic_tftp_server_address "{{ container_networks['bmaas_address']['address
→'1 }}"
# Enable ironic drivers
ironic_drivers_enabled: # Use PXE boot and IPMItool
                           # enables drivers for Dell iDrac interface
# Configure Ironic to use Neutron networking
ironic_enabled_network_interfaces_list: "noop,neutron"
ironic_default_network_interface: neutron
# Enable the default set of cleaning steps
ironic_automated_clean: yes
# Configure the neutron networks that Ironc should use
ironic_neutron_provisioning_network_name: "Ironic_Network"
ironic_neutron_cleaning_network_name: "Ironic_Network"
ironic_neutron_inspection_network_name: "Ironic_Network"
# Ensure ironic API (using uwsgi) listens on br-bmaas for agent callbacks
# as well as the mgmt interface for the loadbalancer
ironic_uwsgi_bind_address: 0.0.0.0
# Add ipa-insecure=1 to kernel parameters
# Needed when ironic endpoint is available over https with self-signed cert.
ironic_kernel_append_params: "ipa-debug=1 systemd.journald.forward_to_
# INI file overrides
ironic_ironic_conf_overrides:
 # Disable full device erasure (slow) and just metadata erasure, and replace.
→with "Express erasure"
 # which tries to use firmware secure-erase command, but if that fails,
\rightarrow reverts to metadata erasure.
 # See: https://docs.openstack.org/ironic/yoga/admin/cleaning.html#storage-
→cleaning-options
 deploy:
   erase_devices_priority: 0
    erase_devices_metadata_priority: 0
 conductor:
    clean_step_priority_override: "deploy.erase_devices_express:5"
 # Direct IPA to callback directly to deploying ironic container (via BMAAS_
\rightarrownetwork)
 # instead of going via HAProxy on mgmt network. Only applies when bmaas
→network is isolated.
```

```
(continued from previous page)
  service_catalog:
   endpoint_override "http://{{ container_networks['bmaas_address']['address

→'1 }}:6385"

 # Enable ipmitool's Serial-over-LAN terminal console for baremetal nodes
 DEFAULT:
   enabled_console_interfaces: "ipmitool-socat,no-console"
## IRONIC INSPECTOR ##
# Direct Inspector to callback directly to deploying ironic container (via
\rightarrow BMAAS network)
# instead of going via HAProxy on mgmt network. Only applies when bmaas.
→network is isolated.
ironic_inspector_callback_url "{{ ironic_inspector_service_internaluri_proto_

→inspector_service_port }}/v1/continue"

# Add ipa-insecure=1 to kernel parameters
# Needed when inspector is available over https with self-signed cert.
ironic_inspector_extra_callback_parameters: "ipa-collect-lldp=1 ipa-insecure=1
 \simeq
# Ensure inspector API (using uwsgi) listens on br-bmaas for agent callbacks
# as well as the mgmt interface for the loadbalancer
ironic_inspector_service_address: "0.0.0.0"
# dnsmasq/dhcp information for inspector
ironic_inspector_dhcp_pool_range: 10.88.104.96 10.88.104.127
ironic_inspector_dhcp_subnet: 10.88.104.0/24
ironic_inspector_dhcp_subnet_mask: 255.255.255.0
ironic_inspector_dhcp_enable_gateway: False
ironic_inspector_dhcp_enable_nameservers: False
ironic_inspector_dhcp_interface: eth15  # connected to br-bmaas on the host
```

2.9 Deploy Neutron changes

openstack-ansible playbooks/os-neutron-install.yml

2.10 Deploy the ironic-specific nova services

This deploys nova compute and nova console services to the ironic compute containers.

playbooks/os-nova-install.yml --limit ironic_all

2.11 Deploy changes to HAProxy

This will bring up the required Ironic, Inspector, and console endpoints.

```
openstack-ansible playbooks/haproxy-install.yml --tags haproxy_server-config
```

2.12 Deploy the Ironic and Inspector services

openstack-ansible playbooks/os-ironic-install.yml

2.13 Deploy the Horizon dashbaords for Ironic

openstack-ansible playbooks/os-horizon-install.yml

2.14 Using Ironic

Please refer to the general instructions in the Configuring Ironic section of this documentation.

2.15 VXLAN project networks

In this example Ironic multitenancy is implemented using VLANs. In an OpenStack deployment where project networks are implemented using an overlay such as VXLAN, it will not be possible to attach Ironic nodes directly to these networks. In addition, it is not possible for an end user to request that the underlying implementation is VLAN when creating a project network.

In a cloud using overlay project networks it will be necessary for the cloud administrator to create VLAN provider networks for users to attach Ironic nodes to and to share these into individual projects using Neutron RBAC.

CHAPTER THREE

CONFIGURING THE BARE METAL (IRONIC) INSPECTOR SERVICE (OPTIONAL)

Note: This feature is experimental at this time and it has not been fully production tested yet.

Ironic Inspector is an Ironic service that deploys a tiny image called ironic-python-agent that gathers information about a Bare Metal node. The data is then stored in the database for further use later. The node is then updated with properties based in the introspection data.

The inspector configuration requires some pre-deployment steps to allow the Ironic playbook to make the inspector functioning.

3.1 Networking

Ironic networking must be configured as normally done. The inspector and Ironic will both share the TFTP server.

Networking will depend heavily on your environment. For example, the DHCP for both Ironic and inspector will come from the same subnet and will be a subset of the typical ironic allocated range.

3.2 Required Overrides

3.3 To enable LLDP discovery of switch ports during inspection

During inspection Ironic Inspector can automatically populate information into the node local_link_connection which can automatically create a baremetal port for the node.

This example is suitable for switches that have a common MAC address per switch port and are identified to networking-generic-switch using the ngs_mac_address parameter which matches against the switch_id field in the Ironic node local_link_connection information.

Set the following variables in /etc/openstack_deploy/user_variables.yml

3.4 To enable LLDP discovery of switch system name during inspection

This example is suitable for switches that have a different MAC address per switch port and are identified to networking-generic-switch using the switch hostname which is matched against the switch_info field in the Ironic node local_link_connection information.

An additional out-of-tree Ironic Inspector plugin is needed to obtain the system name of the switch and write it to switch_info during inspection.

Set the following variables in /etc/openstack_deploy/user_variables.yml

DEPLOYING MULTIPLE IRONIC NODES WITH DIFFERENT CPU ARCHITECURES

Ironic can deploy nodes with CPU architectures which do not match the CPU architecture of the control plane. The default settings for Openstack-Ansible assume an x86-64 control plane deploying x86-64 Ironic nodes.

This documentation describes how to deploy aarch64 Ironic nodes using an x86-64 control plane. Other combinations of architecture could be supported using the same approach with different variable definitions.

This example assumes that Glance is used for Ironic image storage and the Ironic control plane web server serves these for deployment.

4.1 Building ironic-python-agent deploy image for aarch64

There must be an ironic-python-agent kernel and initramfs built and uploaded to Glance for each architecture that needs to be deployed.

To build an aarch64 ironic-python-agent image using a Rocky Linux aarch64 host:

```
dnf install python3-virtualenv git qemu-img
virtualenv venv
source ./venv/bin/activate
pip install ironic-python-agent-builder
export DIB_REPOREF_ironic_python_agent=origin/master
export DIB_REPOREF_requirements=origin/master
ironic-python-agent-builder -o my-ipa --extra-args=--no-tmpfs --release 9-
→stream centos
```

• Replace origin/master with another branch reference in order to build specific versions of IPA, for example stable/zed

4.2 Configuring Ironic for multiple architectures

This configuration assumes the use of iPXE. The settings required to support an additional architecture are minimal. Ironic has a default setting for which EFI firmware file to use that can be overridden on a per-architecture basis with the ipxe_bootfile_name_by_arch config setting.

On the control plane the aarch64 EFI iPXE firmware must be present in the tftp server root directory. Note that not all distributions supply packages for EFI firmware for architectures different to the host so it may be necessary to download architecture specific firmware directly from https://boot.ipxe.org

This example shows how to specify the iPXE boot firmware to use for aarch64 nodes, and where that firmware should be obtained from to populate the tftp server.

```
ironic_ironic_conf_overrides:
    # Point to aarch64 uefi firmware on aarch64 platforms
    pxe:
        ipxe_bootfile_name_by_arch: 'aarch64:ipxe_aa64.efi'
ironic_tftp_extra_content:
        - url: http://boot.ipxe.org/arm64-efi/ipxe.efi
        name: ipxe_aa64.efi
```

Note: You must combine this override with any existing definition of ironic_ironic_conf_overrides.

4.3 Enrolling an aarch64 node

When enrolling an aarch64 node the boot_mode must be uefi even if existing Ironic nodes use legacy bios boot.

An example of the node capabilities including uefi boot would be:

capabilities='boot_option:local,disk_label:gpt,boot_mode:uefi'

Enrolling an aarch64 node is exactly the same as enrolling an x86_64 node, except that deploy_kernel and deploy_ramdisk must be set to the aarch64 version of the deploy image.

4.4 Building an aarch64 user image

Example of building a whole-disk aarch64 user image on an existing aarch64 Ubuntu host:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3-venv qemu-utils
python3 -m venv venv
source ./venv/bin/activate
pip install diskimage-builder
DIB_RELEASE=jammy DIB_CLOUD_INIT_DATASOURCES=Ec2 disk-image-create -a arm64_
```

```
→ubuntu vm block-device-efi cloud-init-datasources -o baremetal-ubuntu-22.04-
→efi-arm64.qcow2
```

- The DIB_RELEASE=<name> environment variable tells the ubuntu element which version of Ubuntu to create an image for. This defaults to Focal if left unspecified.
- The DIB_CLOUD_INIT_DATASOURCES=Ec2 environment variable is used by the cloud-init-datasources element to force cloud-init to use its Ec2 datasource. The native OpenStack datasource cant be used because it doesnt currently have working support for bare metal instances until cloud-init version 23.1. (Since the OpenStack metadata service also provides an EC2 compatible API, the Ec2 datasource is a reasonable workaround. (NB: This is actually the default behaviour for Ubuntu cloud images, but for entirely unrelated reasons hence it being worth making explicit here.)

Use a similar approach on a Rocky Linux aarch64 system to build a whole-disk user image of the latest version of Rocky Linux:

```
DIB_RELEASE=9 DIB_CLOUD_INIT_DATASOURCES=Ec2 DIB_CLOUD_INIT_GROWPART_DEVICES=

→'["/"]' disk-image-create -a arm64 rocky-container vm block-device-efi_

→cloud-init openssh-server cloud-init-datasources cloud-init-growpart -o_

→baremetal-rocky-9-efi-arm64.qcow2
```

- The DIB_RELEASE=<number> environment variable tells the rocky-container element which version of Rocky to create an image for.
- The cloud-init and openssh-server elements are essential since the Rocky container image does not include these packages. (As an aside: the diskimage-builder documentation erroneously claims that the cloud-init element only works on Gentoo, but this is not the case).
- As with Ubuntu, setting DIB_CLOUD_INIT_DATASOURCES=Ec2 and using the cloud-init-datasources element is necessary since the OpenStack cloud-init datasource doesnt work. Unlike the Ubuntu case, using the Ec2 datasource is not the default and so adding these options is essential to obtain a working image.
- DIB_CLOUD_INIT_GROWPART_DEVICES variable tells cloud-init-growpart to configure cloud-init to grow the root partition on first boot which is must be explicitly set on some OS/architecture combinations.

DEBUGGING THE BARE METAL (IRONIC) INSPECTOR SERVICE

5.1 Ironic Python Agent debug logs

If IPA fails, a log file will be written to /var/log/ironic on the conductor node responsible for the Ironic node being deployed.

A lot of useful information is collected including a copy of the journal log from the host.

5.2 Pausing during a deployment

To pause the deployment, possibly to log into an Ironic node running the IPA to do diagnostic work, the node can have maintainance switched on either through the OpenStack CLI or Horizon web interface.

The ironic state machine will not change state again until maintainance mode is switched off, triggered by a heartbeat from IPA. Note that you will have to wait for up to one heartbeat period for the deployment to resume after switching off maintainance mode.

5.3 Logging into IPA

To perform diagnostic steps on an ironic node during deployment or cleaning it might be helpful to be able to log into the node from the controller after the deploy image has booted.

To build a version of the deploy image which has the dynamic-login element enabled, in this case building on a Rocky Linux host:

```
dnf install python3-virtualenv git qemu-img
virtualenv venv
source ./venv/bin/activate
pip install ironic-python-agent-builder
export DIB_REPOREF_ironic_python_agent=origin/stable/zed
export DIB_REPOREF_requirements=origin/stable/zed
ironic-python-agent-builder -e dynamic-login -o my-login-ipa --extra-args=--
-no-tmpfs --release 8-stream centos
```

Once the IPA kernel and initramfs are built, upload them to glance and set them as the deploy kernel/initramfs for the Ironic node to log into during deployment. Create a password to log into the Ironic node:

openssl passwd -1 -stdin <<< YOUR_PASSWORD | sed 's/\\$/\\$\\$/g'

Set debugging options on the IPA kernel parameters in /etc/openstack_deploy/user_variables. yml, substituing the encrypted password just generated into the rootpwd field. Ensure that the encrypted password is enclosed in double quotation marks.

```
ironic_ironic_conf_overrides:
    # Set a password on the root user in IPA for debug purposes
    pxe:
        kernel_append_params: 'ipa-debug=1 systemd.journald.forward_to_
        →console=yes rootpwd="<password-string>"'
```

Note: You must combine this override with any existing definition of ironic_ironic_conf_overrides.

Deploy the configuration file changes to the Ironic control plane.

The node can now be cleaned or provisioned, possibly pausing the deployment by enabling maintainance on the node and then logging into the node with SSH as the root user with the password previously encrypted.

This is an OpenStack-Ansible role to deploy the Bare Metal (ironic) service. See the role-ironic spec for more information.

To clone or view the source code for this repository, visit the role repository for os_ironic.

DEFAULT VARIABLES

```
# Defaults file for openstack-ansible-ironic
# Verbosity Options
debug: False
# python venv executable
ironic_venv_python_executable: "{{ openstack_venv_python_executable | default(
\leftrightarrow 'python3') }}"
# Set the host which will execute the shade modules
# for the service setup. The host must already have
# clouds.yaml properly configured.
ironic_service_setup_host "{{ openstack_service_setup_host | default(

→'localhost') }}"

ironic_service_setup_host_python_interpreter: >-
         openstack_service_setup_host_python_interpreter | default(
               (ironic_service_setup_host == 'localhost') | ternary(ansible_playbook_
 →python, ansible_facts['python']['executable']))
# Set the package install state for distribution packages
# Options are 'present' and 'latest'
ironic_package_state: "{{ package_state | default('latest') }}"
ironic_git_repo: https://opendev.org/openstack/ironic
ironic_inspector_git_repo: https://opendev.org/openstack/ironic-inspector
ironic_git_install_branch: master
ironic_inspector_git_install_branch: master
ironic_upper_constraints_url: >-
     {{ requirements_git_url | default('https://releases.openstack.org/

where the second 
\rightarrow
ironic_git_constraints:
      - "--constraint {{ ironic_upper_constraints_url }}"
ironic_pip_install_args "{{ pip_install_options | default('') }}"
```

```
# Name of the virtual env to deploy into
ironic_venv_tag: "{{ venv_tag | default('untagged') }}"
ironic_bin: "/openstack/venvs/ironic-{{ ironic_venv_tag }}/bin"
# System info
ironic_system_user_name: ironic
ironic_system_group_name: ironic
ironic_system_shell: /bin/bash
ironic_system_comment: ironic system user
ironic_system_home_folder "/var/lib/{{ ironic_system_user_name }}"
ironic_system_slice_name: ironic
ironic_lock_dir "{{ openstack_lock_dir | default('/run/lock') }}"
# Ironic Program and Service names
python_ironic_client_program_name: ironic
ironic_services:
 ironic-api:
    group: ironic_api
    service_name: ironic-api
    init_config_overrides: "{{ ironic_api_init_config_overrides }}"
   wsgi_app: True
   wsgi_name: ironic-api-wsgi
   uwsgi_overrides: "{{ ironic_api_uwsgi_ini_overrides }}"
   uwsgi_port: "{{ ironic_service_port }}"
   uwsgi_bind_address: "{{ ironic_uwsgi_bind_address }}"
   uwsgi_tls "{{ ironic_backend_ssl | ternary(ironic_uwsgi_tls, {}) }}"
 ironic-conductor:
    group: ironic_conductor
    service_name: ironic-conductor
    init_config_overrides: "{{ ironic_conductor_init_config_overrides }}"
    execstarts: "{{ ironic_bin }}/ironic-conductor"
  ironic-inspector:
    group: ironic_inspector
    service_name: ironic-inspector
    init_config_overrides "{{ ironic_inspector_init_config_overrides }}"
    execstarts: "{{ ironic_bin }}/ironic-inspector"
 ironic-inspector-dnsmasq:
    group: ironic_inspector
    service_name: ironic-inspector-dnsmasq
   service_type: forking
   systemd_user_name: root
    systemd_group_name: root
   init_config_overrides "{{ ironic_inspector_dnsmasq_init_config_overrides_
_}}"
    execstarts: "/usr/sbin/dnsmasq --conf-file=/etc/ironic-inspector/

→inspector-dnsmasq.conf"

   after_targets:
```

```
state: stopped
ironic_service_name: ironic
ironic_service_type: baremetal
ironic_service_proto: http
ironic_service_publicuri_proto : "{{ openstack_service_publicuri_proto |_

→default(ironic_service_proto) }}"

ironic_service_adminuri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_adminuri_proto |_

→default(ironic_service_proto) }}"

ironic_service_internaluri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_internaluri_proto |_

→default(ironic_service_proto) }}"

ironic_service_port: 6385
ironic_service_description "Ironic baremetal provisioning service"
ironic_service_publicuri "{{ ironic_service_publicuri_proto }}://{{ external_
ironic_service_publicurl: "{{ ironic_service_publicuri }}"
ironic_service_adminuri "{{ ironic_service_adminuri_proto }}://{{ internal_
ironic_service_adminurl: "{{ ironic_service_adminuri }}"
ironic_service_internaluri: "{{ ironic_service_internaluri_proto }}://{{_

winternal_lb_vip_address }}:{{ ironic_service_port }}"

ironic_service_internalurl: "{{ ironic_service_internaluri }}"
ironic_program_name: ironic-api
ironic_service_region : "{{ service_region | default('RegionOne') }}"
ironic_service_project_name: "service"
ironic_service_project_domain_id: default
ironic_service_user_domain_id: default
ironic_service_role_names:
ironic_service_token_roles:
ironic_service_token_roles_required: "{{ openstack_service_token_roles_

→required | default(True) }}"

ironic_service_in_ldap "{{ service_ldap_backend_enabled | default(False) }}"
# Enable interaction with Nova and Neutron from 2024.1 with default policy
# If more than one service project name is necessary, then you may need to
# override Ironic 'service_role' policy.
ironic_service_role_elevated_access: True
# The name of the entry in container_networks for the bmaas network
# This is the default provisioning / inspection / cleaning network for this.
→role
ironic_container_network_name: "bmaas_address"
# The name of the bridge on the host for the bmaas network
ironic_bmaas_bridge: "{{ container_networks[ironic_container_network_name][
```

```
# The address of this host on the bmaas network
ironic_bmaas_address: >-
      ansible_facts[ironic_bmaas_bridge | replace('-','_')]['ipv4']['address
\rightarrow ],
      container_networks[ironic_container_network_name]['address']) | default(

→'address_undefined')

# The name of the interface on the bmaas network
# This is the bmaas bridge name on metal, or the corresponding interface name.
→in a container
ironic_bmaas_interface: >-
    (is_metal | default(False)) | ternary(
      ironic_bmaas_bridge, container_networks[ironic_container_network_name][
→'interface']) | default('interface_undefined')
# Ironic image store information
#
### Hosted Web Server
#
# Set this to True to use http web server to host floppy
# images and generated boot ISO. This requires http_root and
# http_url to be configured in the [deploy] section of the
# config file. If this is set to False, then Ironic will use
# Swift to host the floppy images and generated boot_iso.
ironic_enable_web_server_for_images: False
ironic_http_bind_address: "{{ ironic_bmaas_address }}"
ironic_http_url: "{{ ironic_ipxe_proto }}://{{ ironic_http_bind_address }}:{{_

→ironic_ipxe_port }}"

ironic_http_root: "/httpboot"
#
### Swift Config
#
ironic_swift_image_container: glance_images
ironic_swift_api_version: v1
ironic_swift_url_endpoint_type: swift
# The ironic swift auth account and swift endpoints will be generated using.
\rightarrow the
# known swift data as provided by swift stat. If you wish to set either of.
→these
# items to something else define these variables.
# ironic_swift_auth_account: AUTH_1234567890
# ironic_swift_endpoint: https://localhost:8080
# Is this Ironic installation working standalone?
```

(continued from previous page) # If you're wanting Ironic to work without being integrated to other OpenStack *#* services, set this to True, and update the dhcp configuration appropriately ironic_standalone: False *#* Enables or disables automated cleaning. Automated cleaning *#* is a configurable set of steps, such as erasing disk drives, # that are performed on the node to ensure it is in a baseline *#* state and ready to be deployed to. ironic_automated_clean: false # Set to 0 to disable erase devices on cleaning ironic_erase_devices_priority: 10 *# Database* ironic_db_setup_host "{{ openstack_db_setup_host | default('localhost') }}" ironic_db_setup_python_interpreter: >-(ironic_db_setup_host == 'localhost') | ternary(ansible_playbook_python, → ansible_facts['python']['executable'])) ironic_galera_address: "{{ galera_address | default('127.0.0.1') }}" ironic_galera_user: ironic ironic_galera_database: ironic ironic_galera_use_ssl : "{{ galera_use_ssl | default(False) }}" ironic_galera_ssl_ca_cert: "{{ galera_ssl_ca_cert | default('') }}" ironic_galera_port: "{{ galera_port | default('3306') }}" ironic_db_max_overflow: "{{ openstack_db_max_overflow | default('50') }}"
ironic_db_max_pool_size: "{{ openstack_db_max_pool_size | default('5') }}" ironic_db_pool_timeout "{{ openstack_db_pool_timeout | default('30') }}" ironic_db_connection_recycle_time: "{{ openstack_db_connection_recycle_time |_ →default('600') }}" ## Keystone authentication middleware ironic_keystone_auth_plugin: password # Neutron network - Set these in a playbook/task - can be set manually. # Only "name" or "uuid" is needed, uuid will take preference if both are. *→specified.* # The cleaning and inspection network is not required to be set; they will *→*default *#* to the provisioning network if not specified. # ironic_neutron_provisioning_network_uuid: "UUID for provisioning network in_ →neutron" # ironic_neutron_cleaning_network_uuid: "UUID for cleaning network in neutron" # ironic_neutron_inspection_network_uuid: "UUID for inspection network in_ →neutron" # ironic_neutron_provisioning_network_name: "Name of provisioning network in_ →neutron" # ironic_neutron_cleaning_network_name: "Name of cleaning network in neutron" (continues on next page)

```
(continued from previous page)
# ironic_neutron_inspection_network_name: "Name of inspection network in_
\rightarrowneutron"
# Integrated Openstack configuration
ironic_enabled_network_interfaces_list "flat,noop{{ (ironic_neutron_
oprovisioning_network_uuid is defined) | ternary(',neutron', '') }}"
ironic_default_network_interface "{{ (ironic_neutron_provisioning_network_
uuid is defined) | ternary('neutron', 'flat') }}"
ironic_auth_strategy: keystone
ironic_dhcp_provider "{{ (ironic_standalone | bool) | ternary('none',
\leftrightarrow 'neutron') }}"
ironic_sync_power_state_interval: "{{ (ironic_standalone | bool) | ternary('-1

→', '60') }}"

ironic_db_connection_string: >-
 mysql+pymysql://{{ ironic_galera_user }}:{{ ironic_container_mysql_password_
→}}@{{ ironic_galera_address }}:{{ ironic_galera_port
if ironic_galera_ssl_ca_cert | length > 0 %}&ssl_ca={{ ironic_galera_

→ssl_ca_cert }}{% endif %}{% endif %}

# Common configuration
ironic node name: ironic
ironic_tftp_server_address: "{{ ironic_bmaas_address }}"
# Use this variable to add extra files into the ironic_tftp_root directory
# ironic_tftp_extra_content:
# - path: /some/local/dir/local-file.txt
     name: local-file.txt
#
# - url: http://boot.ipxe.org/arm64-efi/ipxe.efi
     name: ipxe_aa64.efi
ironic_tftp_extra_content: []
ironic_pip_packages:
  - "git+{{ ironic_git_repo }}@{{ ironic_git_install_branch }}#egg=ironic"
```

```
(continued from previous page)
# ipmitool-socat console settings
ironic_socat_bind_address "{{ openstack_service_bind_address | default('0.0.
→0.0') }}"
ironic_socat_port_range: "10000:10099"
# Specific pip packages provided by the user for the ironic service
ironic_user_pip_packages: []
ironic_inspector_pip_packages:
   "git+{{ ironic_inspector_git_repo }}@{{ ironic_inspector_git_install_

→branch }}#egg=ironic-inspector"

# Specific pip packages provided by the user for the ironic inspector service
ironic_inspector_user_pip_packages: []
# Memcached override
ironic_memcached_servers: "{{ memcached_servers }}"
## Oslo Messaging Info
# RPC
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_host_group | default('rabbitmq_
→all') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_setup_host: "{{ (ironic_oslomsg_rpc_host_group in groups)_
→| ternary(groups[ironic_oslomsg_rpc_host_group][0], 'localhost') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_transport "{{ oslomsg_rpc_transport | default('rabbit') }}
\hookrightarrow
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_servers "{{ oslomsg_rpc_servers | default('127.0.0.1') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_port: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_port | default('5672') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_use_ssl "{{ oslomsg_rpc_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_userid: ironic
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_policies: []
# vhost name depends on value of oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues. In case quorum_
⊶queues
# are not used - vhost name will be prefixed with leading `/`.
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_vhost:
   name: /ironic
   state "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues | ternary('absent',

→'present') }}"

   name: ironic
    state "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues | ternary('present',
\leftrightarrow 'absent') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version = "{{ oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version = default('TLSv1_2
→') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file "{{ oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file | default('') }}"
                                                                 (continues on next page)
```

```
# Notify
ironic_oslomsg_notify_configure: "{{ oslomsg_notify_configure |_

→default(False) }}"

ironic_oslomsg_notify_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_notify_host_group | default(

→'rabbitmq_all') }}"

ironic_oslomsg_notify_setup_host: "{{ (ironic_oslomsg_notify_host_group in_
→groups) | ternary(groups[ironic_oslomsg_notify_host_group][0], 'localhost')_
ن}}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_transport: "{{ oslomsg_notify_transport | default(

→'rabbit') }}"

ironic_oslomsg_notify_servers "{{ oslomsg_notify_servers | default('127.0.0.1

→') }}"

ironic_oslomsg_notify_port "{{ oslomsg_notify_port | default('5672') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_use_ssl "{{ oslomsg_notify_use_ssl | default(False) }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_userid: "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rpc_userid }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_password: "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rpc_password }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_vhost: "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rpc_vhost }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_ssl_version: "{{ oslomsg_notify_ssl_version | default(
→'TLSv1_2') }}"
ironic_oslomsg_notify_ssl_ca_file: "{{ oslomsg_notify_ssl_ca_file | default('
ironic_oslomsg_notify_policies: []
## RabbitMQ integration
ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues "{{ oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues |_

→default(True) }}"

ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_stream_fanout "{{ oslomsg_rabbit_stream_fanout |_

→default(ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_queues) }}"

ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_transient_quorum_queues: "{{    oslomsg_rabbit_transient_
General content of the second se
ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_qos_prefetch_count: "{{    oslomsg_rabbit_qos_prefetch_
ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_queue_manager: "{{ oslomsg_rabbit_queue_manager |_
ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_delivery_limit: "{{    oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_

→delivery_limit | default(0) }}"

ironic_oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_max_memory_bytes: "{{    oslomsg_rabbit_quorum_max_
→memory_bytes | default(0) }}"
## (Qdrouterd) integration
# TODO(ansmith): Change structure when more backends will be supported
ironic_oslomsg_amqp1_enabled "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rpc_transport == 'amqp' }}"
ironic_optional_oslomsg_amqp1_pip_packages:
# Auth
ironic_service_user_name: "ironic"
```

```
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```

```
# WSGI settings
ironic_wsgi_threads: 1
ironic_wsgi_processes_max: 16
ironic_wsgi_processes: >-
 {{ [[(ansible_facts['processor_vcpus'] // ansible_facts['processor_threads_
ironic_uwsgi_bind_address: "{{ openstack_service_bind_address | default('0.0.
→0.0') }}"
ironic_uwsgi_tls:
 crt: "{{ ironic_ssl_cert }}"
 key: "{{ ironic_ssl_key }}"
### OpenStack Services to integrate with
# Glance
ironic_glance_auth_strategy: "{{ ironic_auth_strategy }}"
ironic_glance_service_project_name: "{{ glance_service_project_name | default(
\leftrightarrow'service') }}"
ironic_glance_service_project_domain_id "{{ glance_service_project_domain_id_
→| default('default') }}"
ironic_glance_keystone_auth_plugin: "{{ glance_keystone_auth_plugin | default(
\rightarrow 'password') }}"
ironic_glance_service_user_name: "{{ glance_service_user_name | default(
\leftrightarrow 'glance') }}"
ironic_glance_service_user_domain_id "{{ glance_service_user_domain_id |_

→default('default') }}"

ironic_glance_keystone_auth_url: "{{ keystone_service_internalurl | default(

→ 'http://localhost:5000/v3') }}"

# Neutron
ironic_neutron_auth_strategy: "{{ ironic_auth_strategy }}"
### Config Overrides
ironic_ironic_conf_overrides: {}
ironic_rootwrap_conf_overrides: {}
ironic_policy_overrides: {
ironic_api_uwsgi_ini_overrides: {}
# pxe boot
ironic_kernel_append_params: "ipa-debug=1 systemd.journald.forward_to_
⇔console=yes"
ironic_api_init_config_overrides: {}
ironic_conductor_init_config_overrides: {}
# driver definitions
ironic_drivers_enabled:
```

(continued from previous page) # extra driver types defined by user ironic_user_driver_types: {} ironic_inspector_developer_mode: false ironic_inspector_venv_python_executable: "{{ openstack_venv_python_executable_ → | default('python2') }}" # System info ironic_inspector_service_setup_host "{{ openstack_service_setup_host |_ →default('localhost') }}" ironic_inspector_service_name: ironic-inspector ironic_inspector_service_type: baremetal-introspection ironic_inspector_service_description "Ironic Baremetal Introspection Service" ironic_inspector_service_publicuri_proto "{{ openstack_service_publicuri_ →proto | default(ironic_service_proto) }}" ironic_inspector_service_adminuri_proto "{{ openstack_service_adminuri_proto_ → | default(ironic_service_proto) }}" ironic_inspector_service_internaluri_proto: "{{ openstack_service_internaluri_ →proto | default(ironic_service_proto) }}" ironic_inspector_service_address: "{{ openstack_service_bind_address }}" ironic_inspector_service_port: 5050 ironic_inspector_service_publicuri: "{{ ironic_inspector_service_publicuri_ \rightarrow " ironic_inspector_service_publicurl: "{{ ironic_inspector_service_publicuri }}" ironic_inspector_service_adminuri "{{ ironic_inspector_service_adminuri_ ___'' ironic_inspector_service_adminurl: "{{ ironic_inspector_service_adminuri }}" ironic_inspector_service_internaluri "{{ ironic_inspector_service_ →service_port }}" ironic_inspector_service_internalurl "{{ ironic_inspector_service_ \rightarrow internaluri }}" ironic_inspector_service_role_names: ironic_inspector_service_token_roles: ironic_inspector_service_token_roles_required: "{{ openstack_service_token_ →roles_required | default(True) }}" ironic_inspector_service_project_name: "service" ironic_inspector_service_in_ldap: "{{ service_ldap_backend_enabled |_ →default(False) }}" ironic_inspector_service_domain_id: default ironic_inspector_callback_url: >-

(continued from previous page) →address }}:{{ ironic_inspector_service_port }}/v1/continue *# Database* ironic_inspector_db_setup_host: "{{ openstack_db_setup_host | default(→'localhost') }}" ironic_inspector_db_setup_python_interpreter: >-→playbook_python, ansible_facts['python']['executable'])) ironic_inspector_galera_address: "{{ galera_address | default('127.0.0.1') }}" ironic_inspector_galera_user: ironic-inspector ironic_inspector_galera_database: ironic_inspector ironic_inspector_galera_port: 3306 ironic_inspector_galera_use_ssl: "{{ galera_use_ssl | default(False) }}" ironic_inspector_galera_ssl_ca_cert: "{{ galera_ssl_ca_cert | default('') }}" ironic_inspector_db_max_overflow "{{ openstack_db_max_overflow | default('50 →') }}" ironic_inspector_db_max_pool_size: "{{ openstack_db_max_pool_size | default('5 →') }}" ironic_inspector_db_pool_timeout "{{ openstack_db_pool_timeout | default('30 →') }}" ironic_inspector_db_connection_recycle_time: "{{ openstack_db_connection_ →recycle_time | default('600') }}" ironic_inspector_pip_install_args: "{{ pip_install_options | default('') }}" *#* Ironic iPXE support ironic_ipxe_enabled: False ironic_ipxe_port: 8051 ironic_ipxe_proto: "http" # Auth ironic_inspector_service_user_name: "ironic_inspector" ### OpenStack Services to integrate with *#* Ironic swift store information ironic_inspector_swift_user_name: swift-inspector ironic_inspector_swift_role_names: # Ironic deploy images need to be uploaded to glance. ironic_deploy_image_glance_upload: True # Set the directory where the downloaded image will be stored # on the ironic_service_setup_host host. If the host is localhost,

(continued from previous page) # then the user running the playbook must have access to it. ironic_deploy_image_path: "/root/openstack-ansible/ironic" ironic_deploy_image_path_owner: "root" # The default download URL is like https://tarballs.opendev.org/openstack/ →ironic-python-agent/dib/files/ipa-centos8-stable-xena.initramfs # Allow various parts of this to be overidden to local mirrors, or replaced. → completely with custom settings ironic_deploy_image_server: "https://tarballs.opendev.org/" ironic_deploy_image_server_path "openstack/ironic-python-agent/dib/files/" ironic_deploy_image_base_name: "ipa-centos9-stable-2024.1" ironic_deploy_image_kernel_name: "{{ ironic_deploy_image_base_name + '.kernel →' }}" ironic_deploy_image_initramfs_name "{{ ironic_deploy_image_base_name + '. →initramfs' }}" ironic_deploy_image_list: url "{{ ironic_deploy_image_server ~ ironic_deploy_image_server_path ~_ →ironic_deploy_image_kernel_name }}" sha_url "{{ ironic_deploy_image_server ~ ironic_deploy_image_server_path_ container_format: 'aki' disk_format: 'aki' name: "{{ ironic_deploy_image_kernel_name }}" url: "{{ ironic_deploy_image_server ~ ironic_deploy_image_server_path ~_ sha_url: "{{ ironic_deploy_image_server ~ ironic_deploy_image_server_path_ container_format: 'ari' disk_format: 'ari' name: "{{ ironic_deploy_image_initramfs_name }}" # allow user defined extra images to upload ironic_extra_deploy_image_list: [] *#* Ironic inspector ironic_inspector_enable_discovery: True ironic_inspector_openstack_db_connection_string: >-Gontainer_mysql_password }}@{{ ironic_inspector_galera_address -}}:{{ \leftrightarrow charset=utf8{% if ironic_inspector_galera_use_ssl | bool %}&ssl_verify_cert=true{% if ironic_inspector_galera_ssl_ca_cert | length > 0 %}&ssl_ca={{_ ironic_inspector_galera_ssl_ca_cert }}{% endif %}{% endif %} # define this to adjust the inspector processing hooks # Example: # ironic_inspector_processing_hooks: "\$default_processing_hooks,lldp_basic, →local_link_connection"

```
# pass additional kernel paramters to the deploy image
ironic_inspector_extra_callback_parameters: ''
# Ironic inspector dhcp
ironic_inspector_dhcp_address: "{{ ironic_bmaas_address }}"
ironic_inspector_dhcp_pool_range: 192.168.0.51 192.168.0.150
ironic_inspector_dhcp_subnet: 192.168.0.0/22
ironic_inspector_dhcp_subnet_mask: 255.255.252.0
ironic_insepctor_dhcp_enable_gateway: True
ironic_inspector_dhcp_gateway: 192.168.0.1
ironic_inspector_dhcp_enable_nameservers: True
ironic_inspector_dhcp_nameservers: 192.168.0.1
ironic_inspector_dhcp_lease_time: 600
ironic_inspector_dhcp_type: dnsmasq # isc_dhcp
ironic_inspector_boot_mode: http # tftp
ironic_inspector_pxe_boot_mode: "{{ ironic_inspector_boot_mode }}"
ironic_inspector_httpboot_dir: "{{ ironic_http_root }}"
ironic_inspector_tftpboot_dir: "{{ ironic_tftpd_root }}"
ironic_inspector_dhcp_interface: "{{ ironic_bmaas_interface }}"
ironic_inspector_valid_interfaces: internal,public
### Config Overrides
ironic_inspector_conf_overrides: {}
ironic_inspector_rootwrap_conf_overrides: {}
ironic_inspector_init_config_overrides: {}
ironic_inspector_dnsmasq_init_config_overrides: {}
# pxe boot
ironic_inspector_pxe_append_params: "ipa-debug=1 systemd.journald.forward_to_

where the second 
ironic_inspector_pxe_filter: dnsmasq # iptables
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_host_group | default(

→'rabbitmq_all') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_setup_host: "{{ (ironic_oslomsg_rpc_host_group_
→}}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_transport: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_transport | default(
\leftrightarrow 'rabbit') }}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_servers: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_servers | default('127.
→0.0.1') }}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_port "{{ oslomsg_rpc_port | default('5672') }}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_use_ssl: "True"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_userid: ironic
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_vhost: /ironic
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version: "{{ oslomsg_rpc_ssl_version |_
```

```
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```

```
default('TLSv1_2') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file: "{{    oslomsg_rpc_ssl_ca_file |_

→default('') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_host_group: "{{ oslomsg_notify_host_group |_

→default('rabbitmg_all') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_setup_host: >-
    {{ (ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_host_group in groups) |_

where the state of the s
\leftrightarrow}
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_transport "{{ oslomsg_notify_transport |_

→default('rabbit') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_servers "{{ oslomsg_notify_servers | default(

'127.0.0.1') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_port: "{{ oslomsg_notify_port | default('5672

→') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_use_ssl: "False"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_userid: "{{ ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_
\rightarrowuserid }}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_password: "{{ ironic_oslomsg_rpc_password }}"
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_vhost: "{{ ironic_inspector_oslomsg_rpc_vhost_
\rightarrow}
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_ssl_version: "{{ oslomsg_notify_ssl_version |_

→default('TLSv1_2') }}"

ironic_inspector_oslomsg_notify_ssl_ca_file: "{{ oslomsg_notify_ssl_ca_file |_

→default('') }}"

ironic_inspector_optional_oslomsg_amqp1_pip_packages:
ironic_inspector_oslomsg_amgp1_enabled: True
###
### Backend TLS
###
# Define if communication between haproxy and service backends should be
# encrypted with TLS.
ironic_backend_ssl: "{{ openstack_service_backend_ssl | default(False) }}"
# Storage location for SSL certificate authority
ironic_pki_dir "{{ openstack_pki_dir | default('/etc/openstack_deploy/pki') }
_}¥
# Delegated host for operating the certificate authority
ironic_pki_setup_host: "{{ openstack_pki_setup_host | default('localhost') }}"
# ironic server certificate
ironic_pki_keys_path: "{{ ironic_pki_dir ~ '/certs/private/' }}"
ironic_pki_certs_path: "{{ ironic_pki_dir ~ '/certs/certs/' }}"
```

```
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ironic_pki_intermediate_cert_name: "{{ openstack_pki_service_intermediate_
ironic_pki_regen_cert: ''
ironic_pki_san: "{{ openstack_pki_san | default('DNS:' ~ ansible_facts[
ironic_pki_certificates:
   name: "ironic_{{ ansible_facts['hostname'] }}"
   provider: ownca
   cn: "{{ ansible_facts['hostname'] }}"
   san: "{{ ironic_pki_san }}"
   signed_by: "{{ ironic_pki_intermediate_cert_name }}"
# ironic destination files for SSL certificates
ironic_ssl_cert: /etc/ironic/ironic.pem
ironic_ssl_key: /etc/ironic/ironic.key
# Installation details for SSL certificates
ironic_pki_install_certificates:
   src: "{{ ironic_user_ssl_cert | default(ironic_pki_certs_path ~ 'ironic_'_
→~ ansible_facts['hostname'] ~ '-chain.crt') }}"
   dest: "{{ ironic_ssl_cert }}"
   owner: "{{ ironic_system_user_name }}"
   group: "{{ ironic_system_user_name }}"
   mode: "0644"
   src: "{{ ironic_user_ssl_key | default(ironic_pki_keys_path ~ 'ironic_' ~_

ansible_facts['hostname'] ~ '.key.pem') }}"

   dest "{{ ironic_ssl_key }}"
   owner: "{{ ironic_system_user_name }}"
   group: "{{ ironic_system_user_name }}"
   mode: "0600"
# Define user-provided SSL certificates
# ironic_user_ssl_cert: <path to cert on ansible deployment host>
# ironic_user_ssl_key: <path to cert on ansible deployment host>
```

CHAPTER SEVEN

DEPENDENCIES

This role needs pip \geq 7.1 installed on the target host.

CHAPTER

EIGHT

EXAMPLE PLAYBOOK

- name: Playbook for role testing
hosts: localhost
remote_user: root
roles:
 - role: "os_ironic"
vars:
 galera_root_user: root
vars_prompt:
 - name: "galera_root_password"
 prompt: "What is galera_root_password?"

CHAPTER NINE

TAGS

This role supports the ironic-install and ironic-config tags. Use the ironic-install tag to install and upgrade. Use the ironic-config tag to maintain configuration of the service.